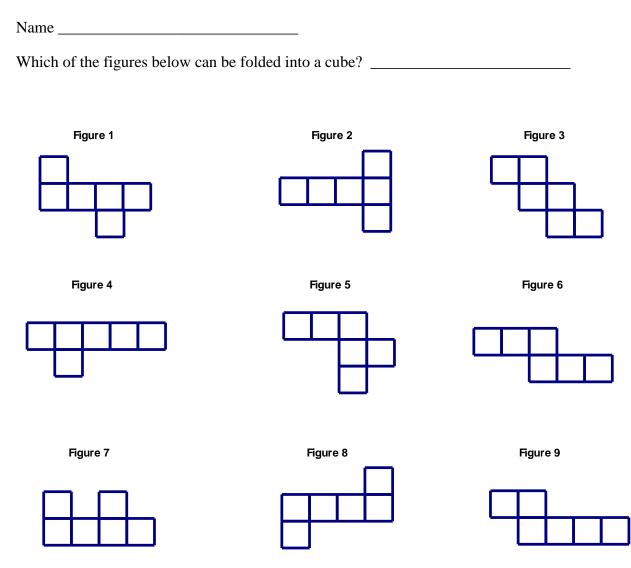
Geometry Chapter 11 Practice Test 1



Consider the following equations of circles. Give the center and radius of each.

2.	$(x-1)^2 + (y+7)^2 = 9$	Center =	Radius =
3.	$(x-1)^2 + (y+17)^2 = 81$	Center =	Radius =
4.	$x^{2} + (y - 22)^{2} = 4$	Center =	Radius =
5.	$(x - 19)^2 + y^2 = 1$	Center =	Radius =
6.	$(x-2)^2 + (y+12)^2 = 9$	Center =	Radius =
7.	$(x-1)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 121$	Center =	Radius =

Give the equation of the circle that has the given center and given radius.

8.	Center $= (20, 5)$	Radius $= 3$	Equation =
9.	Center = (-1, 0)	Radius = 2	Equation =
10.	Center = $(0, -3)$	Radius $= 5$	Equation =
11.	Center = $(-2, -7)$	Radius = 11	Equation =
12.	Center $= (5, -3)$	Radius = 10	Equation =

13. If A = (-2, 4) and it is reflected over the y-axis, where will it land?					
14. If $A = (0, 2)$ and it is reflected over the x-axis, where will it land?					
15. If $A = (-1, -4)$ and it is reflected over the line $y = 4$, where will it land?					
16. If $A = (-2, -5)$ and it is reflected over the line $x = 2$, where will it land?					
17. If $A = (3, -6)$ and it is reflected over the line $y = x$, where will it land?					
18. If $A = (-4, 3)$ and it is reflected over the line $y = x$, where will it land?					
19. Circle the shapes below that have both line symmetry and point symmetry.					
Circle	Rectangle	Isosceles Trapezoid	Square	Scalene Triangle	

Given the point and the translation, tell where the new point will be.

What is the length of the diameter of the circle?

20.	Point $= (3, 5)$	Translation = $(x - 3, y + 1)$	New Point =
21.	Point = (-3, 2)	Translation = $(x - 1, y + 5)$	New Point =
22.	Point = $(0, -5)$	Translation = $(x + 5, y - 2)$	New Point =
23.	Point = (-3, -8)	Translation = $(x, y + 3)$	New Point =
24.	Point = (1, -5)	Translation = $(x - 3, y)$	New Point =

25. What type of symmetry does a regular quadrilateral have? ______
26. Which line of reflection maps point A at (-4, 4) to point A' at ((4, -4)? ______
A.) y = 4 B.) x = -4 C.) y = -4 D.) x = 4 E.) x-axis F.) y = x G.) y-axis
27. The diameter of a circle has endpoints (-5, 3) and (5, -3).