## Logic Problem 1

Time =
What number comes next in this sequence?


Logic Problem 2
Time $=$
What is the smallest number greater than 1000 that is divisible by $2,3,4,5,6$ and 7 ?

Number =

Midway through the basketball season, Liam calculates that he has made $\mathbf{4 2 . 8 \%}$ of his 306 free-throw attempts. How many more free throws would he have to make in a row, without missing, to raise his average to $50 \%$ ?

Answer = $\qquad$

## Logic Problem 4

Time = $\qquad$
Cross out 23 letters from the set of letters below to spell out a 4 word sentence. Hint: Only one of the words is larger than 4 letters.
$\qquad$
From the letters given, fill in the blanks to make real statements. Example: Given letters - BLAUDISGITLLN


Answer:

| $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | L | $\mathbf{L}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |$\quad$| B | $\mathbf{U}$ | I | L | D | I | N | G | $\mathbf{S}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Problem 1 Letters: LSROCMEADU

$\square$

## Problem 2 Letters: TTTIAPSNHG


$\square$

## Logic Problem 6

## Time =

I made a purchase under the following conditions:
There was a $25 \%$ discount because the item was on sale, another $10 \%$ discount because of the size of the purchase, and a $3 \%$ discount for my good looks (the woman was blind). These discounts were successive, meaning they were taken one after the other. In other words, I did not get a total of $38 \%$ off, but $25 \%$ off, then $10 \%$ off that new price, and then $3 \%$ off that new price. If I paid $\$ 195.89$, what was the original purchase price before any discounts were given?

## Logic Problem 7

Time = $\qquad$
Let each letter in the alphabet be given a value with the first letter being worth 1 and the next letter being worth 2 , all the way to the last letter of the alphabet being worth 26 . Find 4 real words whose letters add up to 100.
For example, the words printer, thirty, and excellent are all words that add up to 100. Obviously you can't use those as your choices.

I have given you the values below to save you time from listing them all out.

| $\mathrm{A}=1$ | $\mathrm{E}=5$ | $\mathrm{I}=9$ | $\mathrm{M}=13$ | $\mathrm{Q}=17$ | $\mathrm{U}=21$ | $\mathrm{Y}=25$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~B}=2$ | $\mathrm{~F}=6$ | $\mathrm{~J}=10$ | $\mathrm{~N}=14$ | $\mathrm{R}=18$ | $\mathrm{~V}=22$ | $\mathrm{Z}=26$ |
| $\mathrm{C}=3$ | $\mathrm{G}=7$ | $\mathrm{~K}=11$ | $\mathrm{O}=15$ | $\mathrm{~S}=19$ | $\mathrm{~W}=23$ |  |
| $\mathrm{D}=4$ | $\mathrm{H}=8$ | $\mathrm{~L}=12$ | $\mathrm{P}=16$ | $\mathrm{~T}=20$ | $\mathrm{X}=24$ |  |

EXAMPLE: Printer $=16+18+9+14+20+5+18=100$

## Logic Problem 8

Time $=$ $\qquad$
The letters A, B, and C stand for three different digits. None of the digits is a 0 .
A A
$\mathrm{A}=$ $\qquad$
$\mathbf{B}=$ $\qquad$
$\mathrm{C}=$ $\qquad$

B B
$+\mathbf{C B}$ C B C

# Logic 5 

(Due Friday, March 7, 2014)
Name $\qquad$

Problem 1 Time $=$

Problem 2 Time = $\qquad$

Problem 3 Time =
$\qquad$

Next number is $\qquad$

Number $=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$

Sentence $=$ $\qquad$
Problem 5 Time = $\qquad$

1 : $\qquad$
2 : $\qquad$
Problem 6 Time = $\qquad$ Price is $\qquad$
Problem 7 Time = $\qquad$

Words: $\qquad$
$\qquad$

Problem 8 Time = $\qquad$

$$
\mathrm{A}=
$$

$B=$ $\qquad$
$\mathrm{C}=$ $\qquad$

